## **Lab 9 Dissection Steps:**

|         | <ul> <li>Identify muscles of the Iliocostalis system (2 parts: <i>lumborum</i> and thoracis)</li> <li>Transect and reflect the thoracolumbar fascia; remove excess fascia and fat to expose the underlying muscles.</li> <li>Identify <i>iliocostalis lumborum m.</i> (fused to longissimus lumborum mm.)</li> <li>Identify iliocostalis thoracis m.</li> </ul>   |
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| ū       | Identify muscles of the Longissimus system (3 parts: thoracis et lumborum, cervicis, and capitis)  Identify longissimus thoracis et lumborum, longissimus cervicis, and   |
|         | longissimus capitis   |
| •       | Identify muscles of the Transversospinalis system (2 major parts: splenius and semispinalis capitis)  Identify the splenius m.  Transect splenius 2cm caudal to its insertion and reflect the main part of the muscle dorsally  Identify the semispinalis capitis m. and differentiate its 2 parts.  Identify biventer cervicis m.  Identify complexus m.  In the dog, separate these muscles to view the nuchal ligament (no nuchal ligament in the cat) |
| •       | Incise the skin on the RIGHT side of cadaver and reflect it dorsally (similar to what was done on the left side).   |
|         | Use <u>blunt</u> dissection (spreading technique with small scissors works best) to identify the remaining structures on the RIGHT side of the cadaver for this lab.  |
| <b></b> | Identify the <b>second cervical spinal nerve (ventral branch)</b> Identify the <b>great auricular n.</b> and trace it toward the base of the ear  Attempt to identify the <b>transverse cervical n.</b>   |
|         | Identify the <b>external jugular vein</b>   |
|         | Identify the mandibular lymph nodes   |
|         | Transect the external jugular at its approximate middle if not already cut  |
|         | Identify the borders of the sternocephalicus m. on the right side and transect it 2-3cm from its origin; reflect it craniodorsally.   |
|         | Identify the cleidocephalicus m. and transect it 1cm cranial to the clavicular intersection; reflect the parts toward their insertions.   |
|         | Identify the superficial cervical lymph nodes   |

| Dissect between the trapezius and the cleidocephalicus and identify the accessor (eleventh) cranial nerve.  |
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| Dissect underneath the omotransversarius m. and attempt to identify the <i>ventral</i> branches of the third, fourth and fifth cervical spinal nerves |
| Identify the vagosympathetic nerve trunk  |
| Attempt to identify the <i>medial retropharyngeal lymph node</i>  |
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